P5.2 Statistics for Medicine

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- What are we talking about
 - shifting Statistics from Physics to Medicine
 - frequently used softwares

shifting Statistics from Physics to Medicine



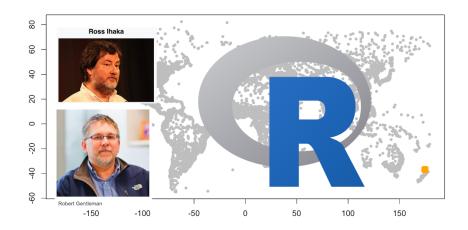
1.1 The macroscopic and the microscopic states

We consider a physical system composed of N identical particles confined to a space volume V. In a typical case, N would be an extremely large number — generally, of order 10^{23} . In view of this, it is customary to carry out analysis in the so-called *thermodynamic limit*, namely $N \to \infty$, $V \to \infty$ (such that the ratio N/V, which represents the *particle density n*, stays fixed at a preassigned value). In this limit, the *extensive* properties of the system

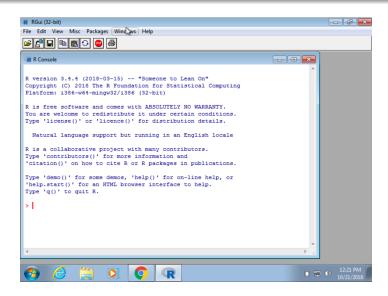
¹The third law, which is also known as *Nernst's heat theorem*, did not arrive until about 1906. For a ger 'vis law, see Simon (1930) and Wilks (1961); the 'ences also provide an extensition' bibliography of

- \bullet $N \longrightarrow \infty$?
- $j \in \{1, ..., N\}$!

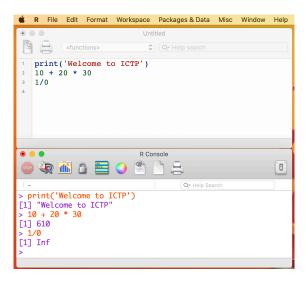
Softwares used by Statisticians /1



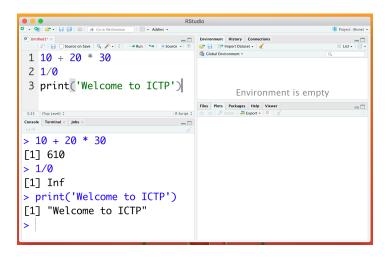
standard interface of R /2



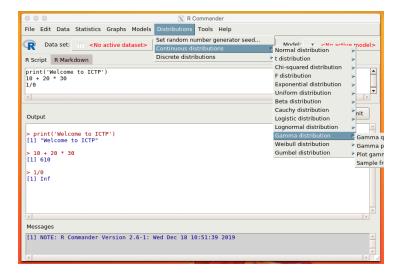
working with scripts: R /3



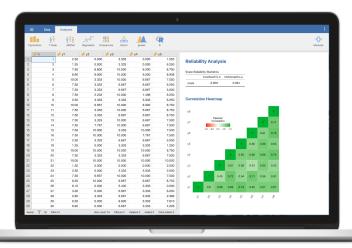
best interface: R Studio /4



Helping beginners: R Commander /5



Integrating spreadsheet: Jamovi /5



a promising 'new entry': JASP /6





EDEE

JASP is an open-source project supported by the University of Amsterdam.



EDIENDIA

JASP has an intuitive interface that was designed with the user in mind.



ELEVIRI

JASP offers standard analysis procedures in both their classical and Bayesian form.

Oth homework (optional, not compulsory) /1

- In hospitals, spreadsheets are routinary
- Very often data not properly masked

protecting privacy in a spreadsheet

As an exercise, download on your computer the privacy dataset (at https://github.com/MassimoBorelli/Miramare), explore it with your favourite spreadsheet and create a new column of data by means of a text function (or joining together the outputs of different text functions) in order to provide a unique identifier for each row ('record') of the dataset.

Oth homework (optional, not compulsory) /2

• the privacy dataset

Timestamp	Name	Surname	Daybirth Monthbirth	Ye	earbirth Id	
28/11/2021 10.55.31	James	Wang	29	12	1966	
28/11/2021 10.56.53	Mary	Chen	19	10	1978	
28/11/2021 10.56.59	Robert	Singh	9	7	1957	
28/11/2021 10.58.00	Patricia	Kumar	12	8	1980	
28/11/2021 11.01.35	John	Ali	11	11	1976	
28/11/2021 11.03.07	Jennifer	Nguyen	7	12	1968	
28/11/2021 11.04.33	Michael	Khan	11	9	1977	
28/11/2021 11.05.04	Linda	Ahmed	26	1	1982	
28/11/2021 11.05.55	William	Khatun	22	1	1960	
28/11/2021 11.06.14	Elizabeth	Silva	18	3	1980	
28/11/2021 11.07.27	David	Tang	13	9	1983	
28/11/2021 11.07.47	Barbara	Mohamed	2	5	1962	
28/11/2021 11.07.47	Richard	Xie	23	8	1966	
28/11/2021 11.08.19	Susan	Han	20	4	1972	
28/11/2021 11 11 10	locanh	Carcia	23	10	1070	